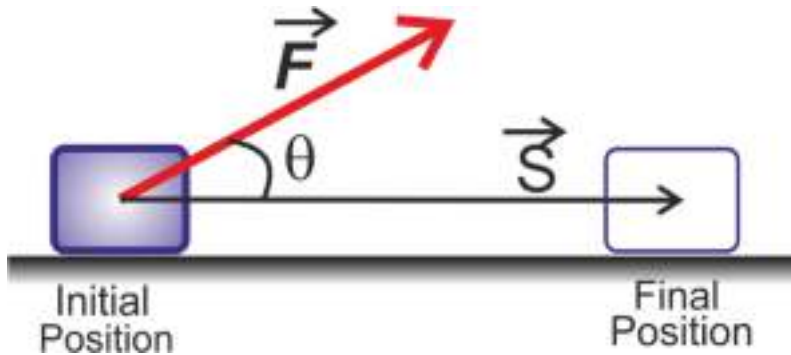


WORK

Whenever a force acts on a body makes a displacement in any direction other than normal, work is said to be done.



When a force \vec{F} acts on a body and produces a displacement \vec{S} then work done by force is given by

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{S} \quad \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

$$\text{Or } W = F \cdot S \cos \theta \quad \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

Where θ is the angle between displacement vector and the force.

By Eq.(2)

$$W = (F \cos \theta) \cdot S$$

$$\text{Or } W = F_x \cdot \Delta x \quad \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

Where F_x is the component of force in the direction of displacement (i.e along x - axis) and Δx is the magnitude of displacement.

Work is a scalar quantity and its SI unit is joule.

- If the value of force varies with position [x] then the work done by variable force is given by