

EXAMPLE: 1.0 m^3 of water is converted into 1671 m^3 of steam at atmospheric pressure and 100°C temperature. The latent heat of vaporization of water is $2.3 \times 10^6 \text{ J/kg}$. If 2.0 kg of water be converted into steam at atmospheric pressure and 100°C temperature, then how much will be the increase in its internal energy? (Density of water = $1.0 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$, atmospheric pressure = $1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$)

$$L_v = 2.3 \times 10^6 \text{ J/kg}$$

$$\rho_w = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ of water} = 1000 \text{ kg} \Rightarrow 1 \text{ kg} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ m}^3 = 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$2 \text{ kg of water} = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 = V_i \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ of water} = 1671 \text{ m}^3 \text{ of vapour.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 \text{ of water} &= 1671 \times 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 \text{ of vapour} \\ &= 3342 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 \text{ of vapour.} \end{aligned}$$

$$V_i = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3, \quad V_f = 3342 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$p = 1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$