

$$\checkmark (E_b)_{\text{net}} = \sigma (T^4 - T_0^4) \quad \text{--- (7)}$$

For Any body in general

$$E_{\text{net}} = \epsilon (E_b)_{\text{net}} \Rightarrow E_{\text{net}} = \epsilon \sigma (T^4 - T_0^4) \quad \text{--- (8)}$$

$$E_{\text{net}} = \frac{\Delta Q}{A \cdot \Delta t} = \epsilon \sigma (T^4 - T_0^4)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t} = A \epsilon \sigma (T^4 - T_0^4)} \quad \text{--- (9)}$$

EXAMPLE: A black body of surface area 1 cm^2 is placed inside an enclosure. The enclosure has a constant temperature 27°C and the black body is maintained at 327°C by heating it electrically. What electric power is needed to maintain the temperature?

$$A = 1 \text{ cm}^2 = 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2, \quad T_0 = 27^\circ\text{C} = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$T = 327^\circ\text{C} = (273 + 327) = 600 \text{ K}$$