

Comparing eq (11) & (13) \Rightarrow $R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2$ — (14)

by (13)

$$\frac{(l_1 + l_2)}{k_{eq} A} = \frac{l_1}{k_1 A} + \frac{l_2}{k_2 A}$$

$$\left(\frac{l_1 + l_2}{k_{eq}} \right) = \frac{l_1}{k_1} + \frac{l_2}{k_2}$$

$$k_{eq} = \frac{l_1 + l_2}{\left(\frac{l_1}{k_1} + \frac{l_2}{k_2} \right)}$$
 — (15)

EXAMPLE: Three bars of equal lengths and equal area of cross-section are connected in series. Their thermal conductivities are in ratio of 2:4:3. If the open ends of the first and the last bars are at temperatures 200°C and 18°C respectively in steady state, calculate the temperatures of both the junctions.
[Ans: 116°C and 74°C]